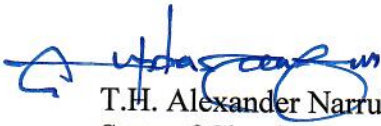


Adopted in Kolonia, Pohnpei on this 11th day of December, 2024



T.H. Alexander Naruhn, Governor
State of Chuuk



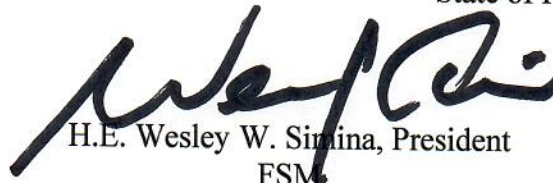
T.H. Francis Itimai, Lt. Governor
State of Yap



T.H. Tulensa Palik, Governor
State of Kosrae



T.H. Stevenson A. Joseph, Governor
State of Pohnpei



H.E. Wesley W. Simina, President
FSM



14th State and National Leadership Conference

Palikir, Pohnpei, Federated States of Micronesia
December 10 - 11, 2024

Final Communiqué

1. Leaders of the States of the Federated States of Micronesia (FSM) and its National Government convened for the 14th State and National Leadership Conference (SNLC) at the FSM-China Friendship Gymnasium in Palikir, Pohnpei, from December 10 - 11, 2024. The 14th SNLC was chaired by His Excellency Wesley W. Simina, President of the Federated States of Micronesia.
2. The following Principals attended the 14th SNLC:
 - FSM National Government:**
 - H.E. Wesley W. Simina, President of the Federated States of Micronesia
 - T.H. Aren B. Palik, Vice President of the Federated States of Micronesia
 - T.H. Quincy Lawrence, Floor Leader of the FSM Congress
 - State of Chuuk:**
 - T.H. Alexander R. Narruhn, Governor of Chuuk State
 - T.H. Arno H. Kony, President of the Senate, Chuuk State Legislature
 - T.H. Wayne Olap, Floor Leader of the House of Representatives, Chuuk State Legislature
 - State of Yap:**
 - T.H. Francis Itimai, Lt. Governor of Yap State
 - T.H. Nicholas Figirlaarwon, Speaker of the Yap State Legislature
 - T.H. Theodore Rutun, Vice Speaker of the Yap State Legislature
 - State of Kosrae:**
 - T.H. Tulensa W. Palik, Governor of Kosrae State
 - T.H. Salpasr Tilfas, Vice Speaker of the Kosrae State Legislature
 - State of Pohnpei:**
 - T.H. Stevenson A. Joseph, Governor of Pohnpei State
 - T.H. Marvin Yamaguchi, Speaker of the Pohnpei State Legislature
3. The 14th State and National Leadership Conference (SNLC) was also attended by Honorable Senators from the State Legislatures, Cabinet Members of both the FSM National and State Governments, Representatives of Regional and International

Organizations, Private Sector Representatives, and Non-Governmental Organization (NGO) Representatives.

4. The opening prayer was delivered by Pastor Epel Ilon, who offered a heartfelt invocation, seeking guidance, wisdom, and unity for all present.
5. The national anthem was performed with great reverence by Mr. Mahoney Mori.

WELCOMING REMARKS

6. The Honorable Stevenson A. Joseph, Governor of the State of Pohnpei, delivered the welcoming remarks and welcomed the leaders and distinguished guests to the 14th State and National Leadership Conference (SNLC), emphasizing the importance of unity and collaboration in the Federated States of Micronesia. Governor Joseph highlighted that each state brings unique strengths, challenges, and aspirations to the table, and that the National Government plays a crucial role in ensuring coordinated efforts for the collective progress of the nation. Governor Joseph stressed that the Strategic Development Plans (SDPs) are not just documents but essential roadmaps for addressing key areas such as infrastructure, education, healthcare, economic growth, and sustainability. Governor Joseph called for leaders to take ownership of these plans and allocate adequate resources to make them a reality.
7. Governor Joseph underscored the importance of prioritizing the good of the people over differences, recognizing that while agreement on every issue may not be possible, the shared goal of serving the people should guide their actions. He urged all participants to engage in meaningful discussions, listen attentively, and collaborate to strengthen bonds and increase their collective impact. Governor Joseph expressed his gratitude to all those who made the conference possible and hoped that it would lead to fruitful deliberations and renewed commitment. He concluded by encouraging everyone to enjoy their time in Pohnpei, reaffirming the state's dedication to hosting the conference and contributing to the future success of the FSM.

OPENING STATEMENTS

8. The heads of the five delegations participating in the 14th SNLC delivered their opening statements. Representing the FSM national government, His Excellency President Simina extended a warm welcome to the State Leaders and expressed his deepest appreciation.
9. His Excellency Wesley W. Simina, President of the Federated States of Micronesia, warmly welcomed attendees to the 14th State and National Leadership Conference (SNLC), extending his deepest respects to the traditional leaders and custodians of the land. He expressed heartfelt gratitude to Governor Joseph for hosting the gathering and conveyed warm holiday greetings on behalf of the Simina-Palik

Administration. Reflecting on the festive season as a time for unity, joy, and love, the President emphasized the importance of the moment as an opportunity to review the past two decades, assess the nation's current position, and chart a shared path forward toward 2043. Acknowledging the challenges and lessons of the past, he underscored the responsibility of leaders to strengthen commitments to building a sustainable, resilient, and prosperous future for all citizens of the Federated States of Micronesia.

10. President Simina introduced the FSM Strategic Development Plan (SDP) 2024–2043 and the Infrastructure Development Plan (IDP) 2025–2034 as vital roadmaps for the nation's progress. He highlighted that the SDP outlines ambitious goals across nine thematic areas to ensure sustainable development and an improved quality of life, while the IDP prioritizes investments in infrastructure critical to socio-economic growth, including energy, water, healthcare, and public services. Stressing the importance of collaboration, the President called on governments at all levels, private sector representatives, civil society, and development partners to align efforts and resources to achieve the nation's vision. He concluded by expressing deep gratitude to those who contributed to the formulation of these plans and reaffirmed his confidence in the nation's ability to build a unified and prosperous future.
11. The Honorable Alexander Narruhn, Governor of the State of Chuuk, delivered his opening remarks and addressed the gathering at the 14th State and National Leadership Conference (SNLC) with heartfelt respect and gratitude, extending greetings to traditional leaders, church leaders, and dignitaries, as well as the leadership and people of Pohnpei, the host state. Governor Narruhn acknowledged the importance of the festive season as a time for unity and collaboration, emphasizing the significance of the conference in shaping the FSM's future development. Highlighting the FSM Strategic Development Plan (SDP) and Infrastructure Development Plan (IDP) as critical roadmaps, Governor Narruhn thanked national and state teams for their efforts in creating these frameworks. Governor Narruhn also stressed the importance of ensuring state-driven priorities through a bottom-up approach, emphasizing that each state should have the autonomy to determine its developmental needs.
12. Governor Narruhn underscored the need for unity and equitable representation in decision-making processes, advocating for decentralization in infrastructure management rather than a return to centralization, which he noted had not proven effective in the past. He called on the national government to reconsider issues such as the CEC-agreed distribution formula and state representation on JEMCO to ensure fair support for state priorities. Closing his address, the Governor invoked the vision of the Narruhn-William administration, "Mmaanen Wiiset," symbolizing a new dawn of progress and collaboration, urging leaders to work together with transparency and mutual respect. Governor Narruhn concluded by wishing the conference success and encouraging all participants to unite in forging a prosperous and sustainable future for the FSM.

13. The Honorable Tulensa W. Palik, Governor of the State of Kosrae, opened his remarks by extending warm greetings to all attendees at the 2024 State and National Leadership Conference (SNLC). He expressed his appreciation for the conference's timely convening, emphasizing the importance of addressing lingering questions related to the 2023 Compact Agreement and the delayed compact funding. He acknowledged the efforts of the FSM JEMCO members, the Compact Management Office, and others in securing the long-awaited funding for the fiscal year. However, he highlighted the ongoing need to complete the Strategic Development Plan (SDP) and Infrastructure Development Plan (IDP) to ensure future compact assistance. Governor Palik stressed the importance of national coordination and leadership in the development of the SDP and suggested that a fully involved national coordinator or entity is essential for its successful completion.
14. Governor Palik expressed that among many other topics of discussion, his delegation's wish to highlight the possibility of revisiting the national tax system, specifically the possibility of having tax waivers for import and custom tax for government purchases for government uses. Governor Palik emphasized that an exemption of government purchases from the requirements of import and custom tax will go a long way to help divert scarce financial resources to where it is truly needed, underscoring that it is high time that the Leadership explore the realization of this proposal. Governor Palik also implored the Leadership to collectively push for JEMCO's expedited action on its past resolutions that hinders the FSM and the State's development objectives, highlighting that restrictions on increased level of scholarship funding does not help our desire to have a more college educated populace for our development and nation building efforts.
15. The Honorable Francis Itimai, Lt. Governor of the State of Yap, delivered his opening remarks with an expression of gratitude for the convening of the 14th SNLC to address matters of importance to the five governments, including the Strategic Development Plan (SDP) and the Infrastructure Development Plan (IDP). Lt. Governor Itimai underscored the importance of these two documents and encouraged the Leadership to support and adhere to these documents for future Compact funding. Lt. Governor Itimai also expressed his hope for continued mutual dialogue, and further called for timely implementation of priority projects, including the Ganir Bridge and Northern road of Yap State.
16. Mr. Redley Killion, President of the FSM Association of Chambers of Commerce, reflected on the FSM's journey toward independence and its longstanding relationship with the United States under the Compact Agreements. He emphasized that under Compact I and II, the FSM received billions of dollars in assistance with the aim of achieving financial independence and self-sufficiency by the end of those agreements. Killion urged the nation's leaders to honor the vision of past leaders by utilizing the current resources effectively for the benefit of the FSM's citizens. Expressing optimism about the collaborative efforts of the national and state governments, he underscored the importance of fostering economic self-reliance.

Additionally, he highlighted the need for infrastructure development that is conducive to private sector growth, emphasizing its critical role in improving the nation's economy as its engine of growth.

17. Ms. Marstella Jack, President of the FSM Association of Non-Governmental Organizations, highlighted pressing societal challenges, including climate change, domestic violence, and sexual violence, and emphasized the transformative power of access—whether to education, healthcare, or transportation—in empowering communities and fostering democracy. She underscored that infrastructure, no matter how advanced, is ineffective without equitable access, citing the example of a state-of-the-art hospital that remains meaningless if inaccessible. Jack pointed to a significant disconnect between government policies and the activities of civil society organizations (CSOs), attributing this gap to inadequate coordination. She reiterated the call for a dedicated CSO space in government decision-making processes to ensure better alignment and impact. Stressing the importance of transparency, she advocated for the enactment of right-to-information laws to promote the free flow of information, benefiting both private sector stakeholders and community members.
18. The agenda for the 14th SNLC was unanimously adopted.

ECONOMIC REVIEW

19. Dr. Samuel Brazys, Compact Management Economist to the President, provided an overview of the FSM's economy, describing it as a MIRAB economy, reliant on Migration, Remittances, Aid, and Bureaucracy. The FSM has faced challenges, including vulnerability to external shocks such as the 2008 financial crisis and the COVID-19 pandemic. From 2004 to 2023, the FSM's real GDP grew at an annualized rate of less than 0.3%, with a “lost decade” from 2004 to 2013, followed by modest growth from 2014 to 2023. The economy is dominated by the public sector, with the private sector contributing to only about 20% of GDP.
20. Dr. Brazys also addressed regional disparities within the FSM, noting that Pohnpei has experienced significant growth, largely due to its central role in government and international organizations. In contrast, other states like Chuuk and Yap have economies more reliant on subsistence production. The FSM's fiscal stability has been maintained largely through COFA grants and fishing license revenues, supported by two major trust funds: the Compact Trust Fund (CTF) and the Domestic Trust Fund (DTF), which will provide between \$200 million and \$300 million annually from 2044 onward.
21. Looking ahead, Dr. Brazys outlined several growth scenarios for FSM, from continued growth in the MIRAB economy to more dynamic models focused on tradable goods and services. The most optimistic scenario, combining remittances, tradable goods, and services, could result in real GDP reaching \$735 million by 2043. To achieve these goals, Dr. Brazys emphasized the need for significant policy

reforms to stimulate private sector growth and increased productivity, potentially moving the FSM toward a higher income status by 2043.

Discussion of the Economic Review:

22. The economic decline in the Federated States of Micronesia (FSM) is attributed to several factors, including minimal foreign investment, a challenging financial sector that hinders private sector expansion, and limited growth prospects under the current economic model. Concerns were raised about inflation, with high rates observed across different states. The costs of housing and mobile services are driven by supply and demand constraints, particularly due to difficulties in obtaining materials. The FSM's financial reliance on external sources is also a contributing factor.
23. It was noted that while the presentation depicts a promising future for economic growth, it was further noted that this was more specific to growth in the public sector. Concerns were raised in regards to growth of the private sector being on the decline. Wage differences between the public sector and the private sector, and the private sector not being able to compete with the public sector's premium wages was described as a contributing factor to this. It was also mentioned that difficulty in accessing needed capital and financing in order for the private sector to be able to expand their operations was another contributing factor.

STRATEGIC DEVELOPMENT PLAN (SDP)

24. Ms. Avalon Edward, SDP Assistant Coordinator at the FSM Department of Resources and Development, delivered an extensive presentation on the Strategic Development Plan (SDP), outlining its project roadmap and the evaluation report recommendations. She emphasized the need for a more adaptive and flexible strategic planning framework that can respond to changing national and global contexts. Among the key recommendations was the establishment of a National Development Coordination Office to oversee the implementation of the SDP and enhance coordination between national and state governments. Ms. Edward also highlighted the importance of creating a standardized monitoring and evaluation system, alongside long-term plans for human capital development, economic diversification, and mainstreaming environmental sustainability.
25. Ms. Edward provided a detailed breakdown of the SDP's vision, mission statement, and framework, which include critical elements across various thematic areas such as health, governance, economic development, and environmental sustainability. The unifying goal of the SDP is to build a unified, resilient, and prosperous FSM with a high quality of life for all. She also described the development of the SDP in phases, with a focus on capacity building and the use of monitoring and evaluation tools to ensure evidence-based decision-making. In addition, Ms. Edward addressed the alignment of state and national SDPs, noting that state SDPs would

be annexed to the national plan, ensuring that state priorities were reflected in the broader national framework.

Discussions of the SDP:

26. During discussions on the Strategic Development Plan (SDP), various officials raised questions about its progress and impact. Vice Speaker Tilfas expressed hope that the SDP would meet the deadline, noting that failure to do so could have consequences. There was discussion about the role of past JEMCO resolutions and their influence on the SDP. Some officials, including Secretary Akinaga, emphasized the need for broader collaboration between state and national priorities within the SDP. There were also requests for the translation of the mission statement into state languages. Additionally, the issue of state legislative bodies not yet reviewing the SDP was raised, **leading to a deferral of the endorsement to the following day for further review and alignment with national and state priorities.**

INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT PLAN (IDP)

27. Mr. Dayn Darin Iehsi, Deputy Program Manager of the Project Implementation Unit at the FSM Department of Transportation, Communication, and Infrastructure (FSM TC&I), presented the FSM Infrastructure Development Plan (IDP) for 2025-2034. He emphasized that public infrastructure is crucial for sustainable development in the Federated States of Micronesia, as essential services such as power, drinking water, and healthcare rely on well-maintained infrastructure. The primary aim of the IDP is to guide government and development partner investments in a coordinated manner to meet the socio-economic development goals of the nation. The IDP helps identify clear infrastructure priorities, align expenditures with available resources, and coordinate investments to maximize their impact.
28. Mr. Iehsi highlighted the extensive consultation process involved in assembling the IDP, with over 190 participants from 53 utilities and government departments contributing to the identification of over 550 unfunded development projects. He explained the use of a Multi-Criteria Analysis (MCA) framework to prioritize projects based on their impact, economic outcomes, and delivery risks. The resulting project list was reviewed by the Infrastructure Planning and Implementation Committee (IPIC) to finalize state priorities, which are recommended for annual review. He also noted that while the pipeline of infrastructure projects exceeds the available funding, prioritizing these projects is essential for ensuring long-term prosperity and a higher quality of life for all FSM residents.

Discussions of the IDP:

Leaders considered and unanimously endorsed the Infrastructure Development Plan (IDP) through a motion put forth in the discussions.

UPDATES ON THE 13TH SNLC RESOLUTIONS

29. Mr. Florian J. Yatilman, Assistant Secretary for Trade and Investment at the FSM Department of Resources and Development, presented the updates to the Principals regarding resolutions adopted during the 13th SNLC. Following the passage of Resolution No. 2, both the President and the Speaker of the FSM Congress submitted draft legislation to amend the Centralization Law, aligning with the resolution's objectives. However, Congress has not yet acted on the proposed amendments, as its last session prioritized legislation related to constitutional amendments. While the Centralization Law (Public Law 23-30) remains in effect, the National Government has initiated the process of drafting rules and regulations to implement its provisions, ensuring compliance with the existing framework.
30. Regarding Resolution No. 3, Assistant Secretary Yatilman noted progress on the establishment of a task force to address critical energy cost issues. The task force will focus on developing a sustainable and transparent pricing framework for electricity tariffs and imported petroleum fuels. Its goal is to balance economic stability with environmental sustainability while ensuring equity in energy costs. The Department of Justice (DOJ) is finalizing the language for an Executive Order to formally establish the task force, signaling continued efforts to advance energy sector reforms.

COMPACT UPDATES

31. Mr. Kemsy Sigrah, Special Assistance to the President on Compact Matters, provided an update on the 2023 Amended Compact Agreement. This agreement introduces transformative provisions to strengthen the partnership between the Federated States of Micronesia (FSM) and the United States. Key outcomes of the negotiations include an annual sector grant of \$140 million, complemented by \$500 million in U.S. contributions to the Compact Trust Fund, creating a total assistance package of \$3.3 billion over the Compact period. The Compact ensures the continuation and expansion of FSM's eligibility for U.S. federal programs, such as Pell Grants, Head Start, and disaster relief, while introducing updated fiscal procedures that afford the FSM greater autonomy. Of particular significance is the Compact's enhanced focus on environmental and climate change initiatives, a central goal of FSM leadership during negotiations.
32. Mr. Sigrah detailed updates to the Compact Trust Fund, which now features newly defined accounts and four distribution mechanisms designed to address the FSM's fiscal needs, including sector, resiliency, and special needs distributions. Changes to the Joint Economic Management Committee (JEMCO) structure were also highlighted, with equal representation for the FSM and the U.S., and the retention

of a tie breaking vote by the U.S. Despite challenges in the first year of the Compact's implementation—such as the lapse of FY2024 sector grants and JEMCO's limited approvals for extensions—Mr. Sigrah noted progress in preparing for FY2025 and FY2026 budgets. He also emphasized the importance of the Strategic Development Plan (SDP) and Infrastructure Development Plan (IDP), which are critical for accessing Compact funding and achieving FSM's long-term development goals. Both plans are being finalized to ensure alignment with the nation's objectives and Compact requirements.

FINANCE UPDATE

33. Mr. Sohs John, Deputy Secretary of the FSM Department of Finance & Administration, presented a comprehensive update on grant management, focusing on the coordination of drawdowns, reconciliations, and the closure of unspent Compact II funds. He outlined the processes for online and manual grant drawdowns, emphasizing the use of tools such as the 132P spreadsheet and SF245 and SF270 forms to ensure accurate fund allocation and reimbursement. Key steps include verifying the status of grants, fund availability, cost eligibility, and adherence to budget allocations. Any discrepancies or unmet criteria may result in the withholding of funds, underscoring the importance of thorough documentation and adherence to established protocols. Deputy Secretary John also highlighted the critical need for collaboration between the Department of Finance and Administration (DOFA) and state governments to streamline these processes.
34. In addressing the reconciliation and closeout of Compact II unspent funds, Deputy Secretary John identified significant challenges, such as mismatches in financial records and incomplete system data, which require focused efforts to resolve. FY2022 findings revealed an absence of financial records and discrepancies in booking revenues and expenditures. To address these issues, DOFA staff are conducting state visits to reconcile mismatched records, with an ultimate goal to finalize the closeout of Compact II grant allocations by January 2025. Looking ahead, DOFA aims to streamline grant management processes, enhance collaboration with state governments, and maintain transparency and accountability through its website and direct contact channels for inquiries and assistance.

Discussions on the Finance Update

35. The Leaders expressed concerns regarding unallocated funding under the Compact, especially the second Amended Compact, and the distribution of those unallocated funds among the States. The Leaders also expressed the view that the installation of the Financial Management Information System (FMIS) may be a way to ensure access to those unallocated funds.
36. Speaker Yamaguchi of Pohnpei State Legislature raised questions about the use of allocated but unspent funds, particularly the \$3 million-plus designated for Pohnpei State. He inquired whether these funds, categorized as sectoral grants, could be

utilized beyond education and health sectors. President Simina responded, referencing Kemsy's earlier presentation, which indicated that unused operational funds would be swept into the Compact Trust Fund.

37. Governor Alexander Narruhn of the State of Chuuk asked for clarity regarding the \$9.8 million in funds, requesting details on future expenses and whether these amounts would be allocated specifically to states. He also highlighted concerns about authorized versus unauthorized funds, noting that unauthorized amounts would likely carry over to future allocations. Both Speaker Yamaguchi and Governor Narruhn emphasized the need to address potential difficulties and ensure transparency and efficient fund utilization.

FSM CYBERSECURITY & INTELLIGENCE BUREAU (CSIB) UPDATE

38. The Honorable Secretary of Justice, Leonito Bacalando, Jr., opened the cybersecurity presentation with an overview of the Division of Cybersecurity and Intelligence Bureau (CSIB) under the FSM Department of Justice. Established by Executive Order on September 13, 2021, within the Department of Justice, the CSIB focuses on enhancing the nation's cyber domain awareness and resilience. Its mission includes creating an operational network to improve cybersecurity, facilitating cyber law enforcement, and offering policy recommendations to strengthen cybersecurity and law enforcement efforts. The CSIB also provides technical guidance for protecting the nation's critical assets and infrastructure and leads the FSM Computer Emergency Readiness Team (FSMCERT), which aims to safeguard the nation from cyber threats.
39. Secretary Bacalando, Jr. highlighted the efforts of the national government in the area of cybersecurity, including the inaugural cyber symposium held in November of 2024 in Palikir, which was a gathering of government officials, cybersecurity professionals, and key stakeholders to address the growing challenges of digital security. Secretary Bacalando, Jr. also highlighted that cybersecurity is a national security issue, emphasizing that in this digitalized world, it is essential to ensure security in the digital space. He also emphasized that everyone is vulnerable to the risks of cyber attacks, including critical governmental infrastructures, underscoring the urgent need for the FSM and State governments to be ready and prepared in terms of cybersecurity.
40. Mr. Minoru Stephen, Assistant Secretary for Cybersecurity and Intelligence Bureau at the FSM Department of Justice, outlined the significant progress made by the CSIB, including FSM's membership in INTERPOL (November 2021) and PaCSON (Pacific Cyber Security Operational Network, August 2024), as well as the work done by an intelligence analyst with the Pacific Fusion Centre. The first FSM cybersecurity symposium, held in November 2024 in partnership with UNDP, helped update the National Cybersecurity Strategy and resulted in key recommendations for FSMCERT. Additionally, the Department of Justice is finalizing the FSM Information Classification Scheme, with four cyber-related bills

(Data Protection, Cybercrime, Cybersecurity, and E-transactions) currently being drafted. Mr. Stephen emphasized the importance of public awareness campaigns on cyber safety, noting the collaboration with UNDP and Micronesian Productions. He concluded by urging Congress and the states to support the pending "cyber" bills, which are crucial for ensuring national security, public safety, and economic stability in a globally connected world.

41. Mr. Edward Albert, Assistant Secretary of the FSM Department of Transportation, Communication and Infrastructure (DTC&I), gave an overview of the four (4) draft bills currently being developed by the FSM National Government to further the efforts of the FSM Government in the area of digital security. Mr. Albert also gave an overview of the relationship between the FSMDOJ and the FSM DTC&I and the roles and responsibilities each department plays in their coordination and collective efforts in relation to cybersecurity, highlighting that FSMDOJ maintains its role on the legal aspects of cybersecurity while DTC&I focuses on the technical aspects.

BLUE PROSPERITY FILM PREMIERE

42. The film premiere of Blue Prosperity Micronesia & National Geographic's Pristine Seas Expedition was a significant highlight at the conclusion of the 14th SNLC. The documentary showcased the collaborative efforts to protect the marine ecosystems of Micronesia, emphasizing the importance of preserving its pristine seas for future generations. The screening provided attendees with a powerful visual narrative of the region's environmental challenges and the ongoing commitment to sustainable ocean conservation.

REVIEW OF COMMUNIQUÉ AND RESOLUTIONS

43. The drafting committee presented the 14th SNLC Communiqué and related Resolutions in their draft form.
44. The Leaders unanimously endorsed the 14th SNLC Communiqué.
45. Following discussions and exchange of views of the leaders endorsed the following Resolutions:
 - a. **Resolution No. 1** - *Expressing Support for the adoption of the FSM Strategic Development Plan (SDP) 2024-2043*
 - b. **Resolution No. 2** - *Respectfully Requesting the 23rd FSM Congress to Reconsider the Approval of a Decentralized Implementation of Compact Infrastructure*
 - c. **Resolution No. 3** - *To Implore the 23rd FSM Congress to Reconsider Public No. 23-30 and adopt the Arngel Formula with regards to the*

Distribution of Amended Compact Funding, which was Agreed to During the 2nd Chief Executive Council (CEC) Held in the State of Yap

- d. **Resolution No. 4** - *Expressing Support For the FSM Cybersecurity Digital Legal Framework*
- e. **Resolution No. 5** - *Expressing Support for the Adoption of the Marine Spatial Planning (MSP) Bill*
- f. **Resolution No. 6** - *Expressing Support for the Adoption of the FSM Infrastructure Development Plan (IDP) 2025-2034*