NWS Guam Tropical Cyclone Watches and Warnings & the 2025 Western North Pacific TC Outlook



TROPICAL STORM MAWAR STRENGTHENING IN FSM; HEADING TO THE MARIANAS

FLASH FLOOD WATCH NOW IN EFFECT FOR GUAM AND THE CNMI



TROPICAL STORM WARNING

ULUL - POLOWAT - SATAWAL

TYPHOON WATCH

GUAM - ROTA - TINIAN - SAIPAN

NWS Public Advisory #5A

Tropical Storm Mawar (02W)

500 PM ChST, 21 May 2023

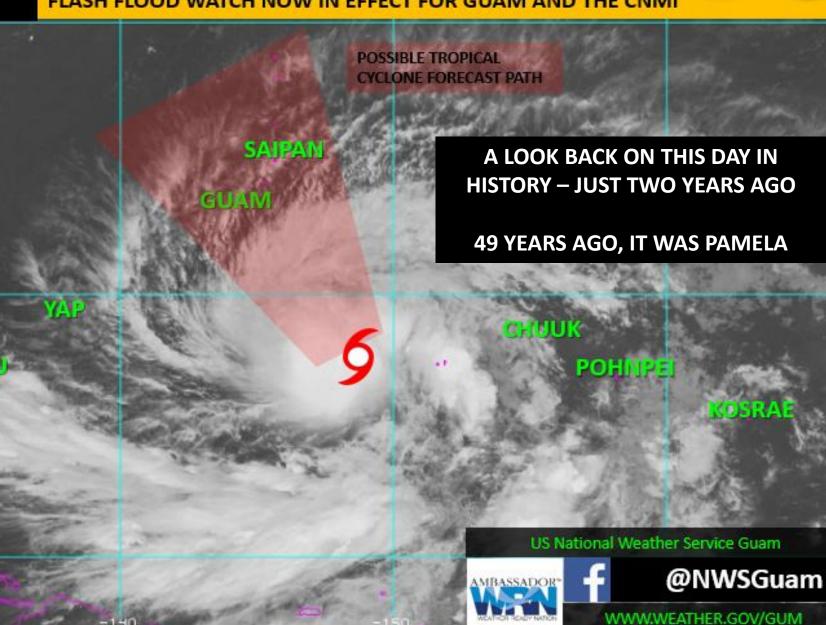
Located: 7.4N 148.1E

Max Winds: 60 MPH

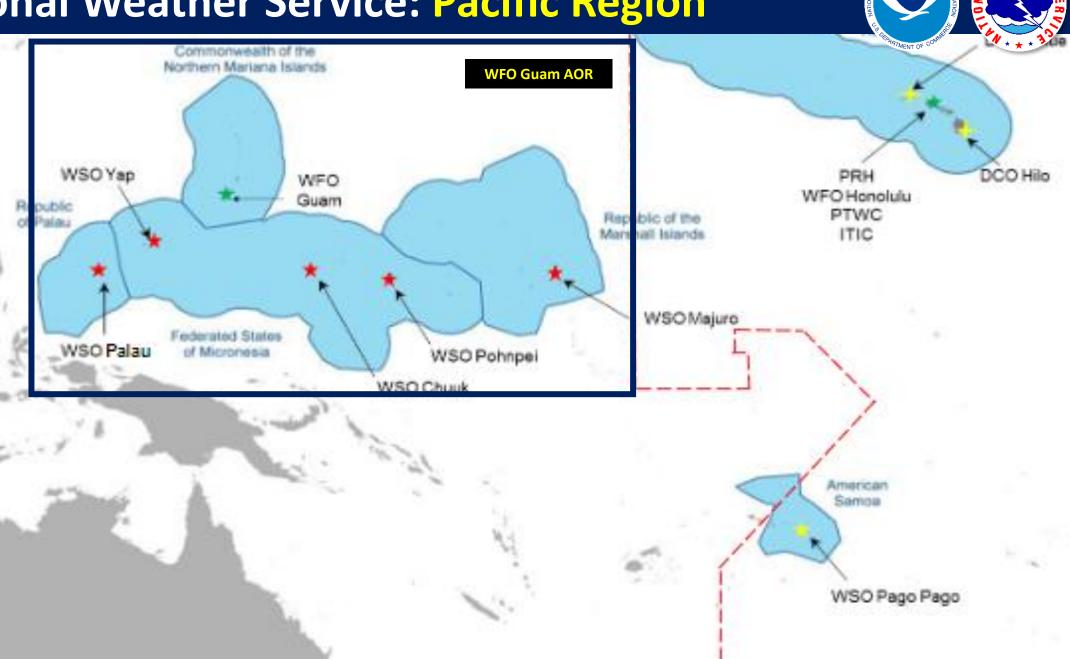
Moving: N at 8 mph

70 miles WNW of Polowat 75 miles E of Satawal 135 miles SW of Ulul 255 miles W of Chuuk 475 miles SSE of Guam

555 miles SSE of Saipan



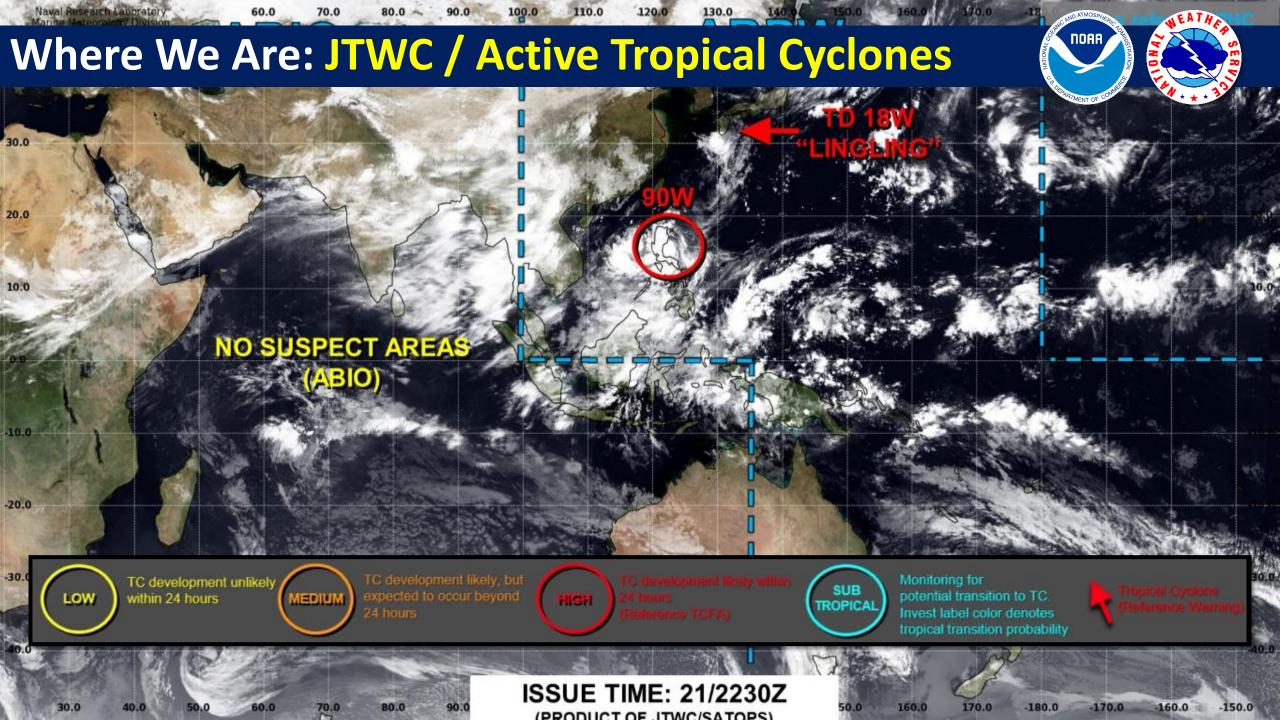
US National Weather Service: Pacific Region



Where We Are: Current Weather/Climate Pattern

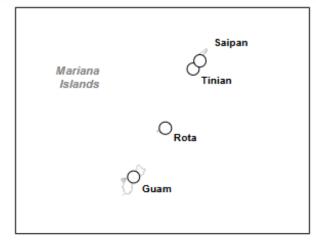
SHOWERY PATTERN PERSISTS IN MICRONESIA; DRY WEATHER PREVAILS OVER MARIANAS 10:00 AM CHST, TUE, 20 MAY 2025 EXTREME DROUGHT: SAIPAN & TINIAN IN THE CNMI; UTIRIK & WOTJE IN THE RMI JPPER LEVEL **General Wind Direction** TROPICAL UPPER TROPOSPHERIC TROUGH CELL "TUTT CELL" **Circulation Center PAGAN Surface Trough Axis** SAIPAN 10 TO 15 KNOT **GUAM EAST-NORTHEAST TRADES** US National Weather Service Guam @NWSGuam **SO FAR IN 2025: NO WPAC TROPICAL CYCLONES** WWW.WEATHER.GOV/GUM

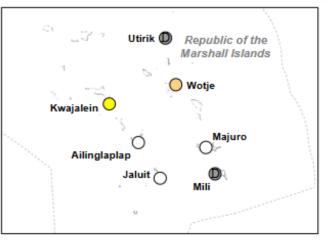
TROPICAL DISTURBANCE, INVEST 90W, PUSHES WEST; GENERATING SHOWERS/T-STORMS 10:00 AM CHST, TUE, 19 AUGUST 2025 EXPECT AREAS OF STRONG WIND GUSTS NEAR 90W AND THE TROUGH AXIS **General Wind Direction Circulation Center Surface Trough Axis** 5 TO 15 KNOT NORTHEAST WINDS **Upper Atmospheric** Trough Axis/TUTT 10 TO 15 KNOT **EAST-NORTHEAST TRADES** KWASALEIN INVEST 90W (MED) US National Weather Service Guam @NWSGuam MBASSADOL WINDS IVILA WWW.WEATHER.GOV/GUM

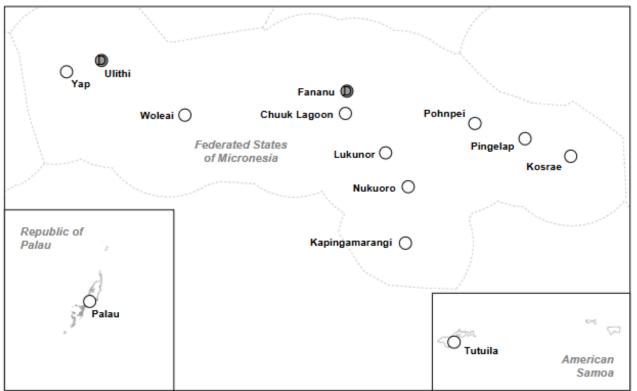


Where We Are: Regional Drought









Map released: Thurs. August 21, 2025

Data valid: August 19, 2025 at 8 a.m. EDT

Intensity

- None
- D0 (Abnormally Dry)
- D1 (Moderate Drought)
- D2 (Severe Drought)
- D3 (Extreme Drought)
- **D4** (Exceptional Drought)
- No Data

Authors

United States and Puerto Rico Author(s):

<u>Lindsay Johnson</u>, National Drought Mitigation Center

Pacific Islands and Virgin Islands Author(s):

<u>Tsegaye Tadesse</u>, National Drought Mitigation Center

Where We Are: Wildfires







Climate Prediction Center: ENSO Status/Outlook





FROM: ENSO DIAGNOSTIC DISCUSSION BY THE CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER/NCEP/NWS ON 14 AUGUST 2025

ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS: LA NINA WATCH

ENSO-neutral is most likely through the late Northern Hemispherre summer 2025 (56% chance in August-October). Thereafter, a brief period of La Nina conditions is favored in the fall and early winter 2025-2026 before reverting to ENSO-neutral.

For the full discussion: https://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/analysis monitoring/enso advisory/ensodisc.shtml

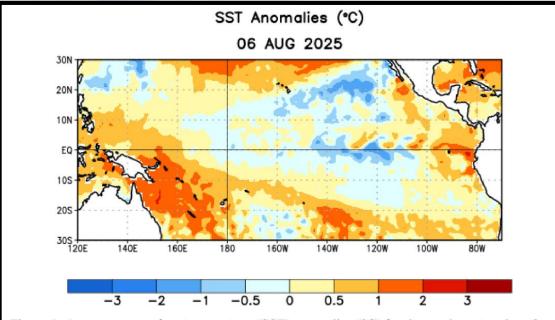
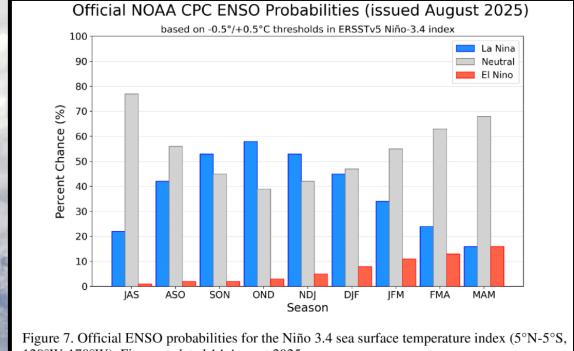


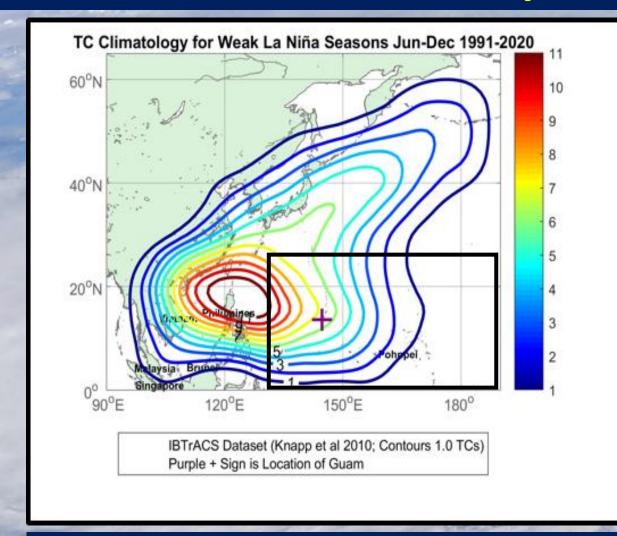
Figure 1. Average sea surface temperature (SST) anomalies (°C) for the week centered on 6 August 2025. Anomalies are computed with respect to the 1991-2020 base period weekly means.

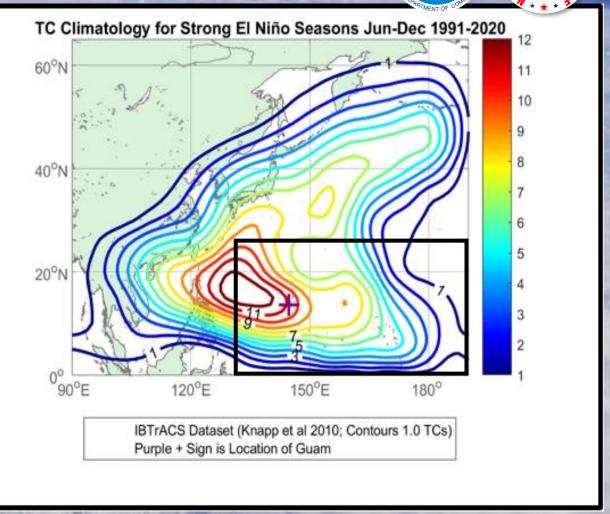


120°W-170°W). Figure updated 14 August 2025.

La Niña vs El Niño: TC Frequencies



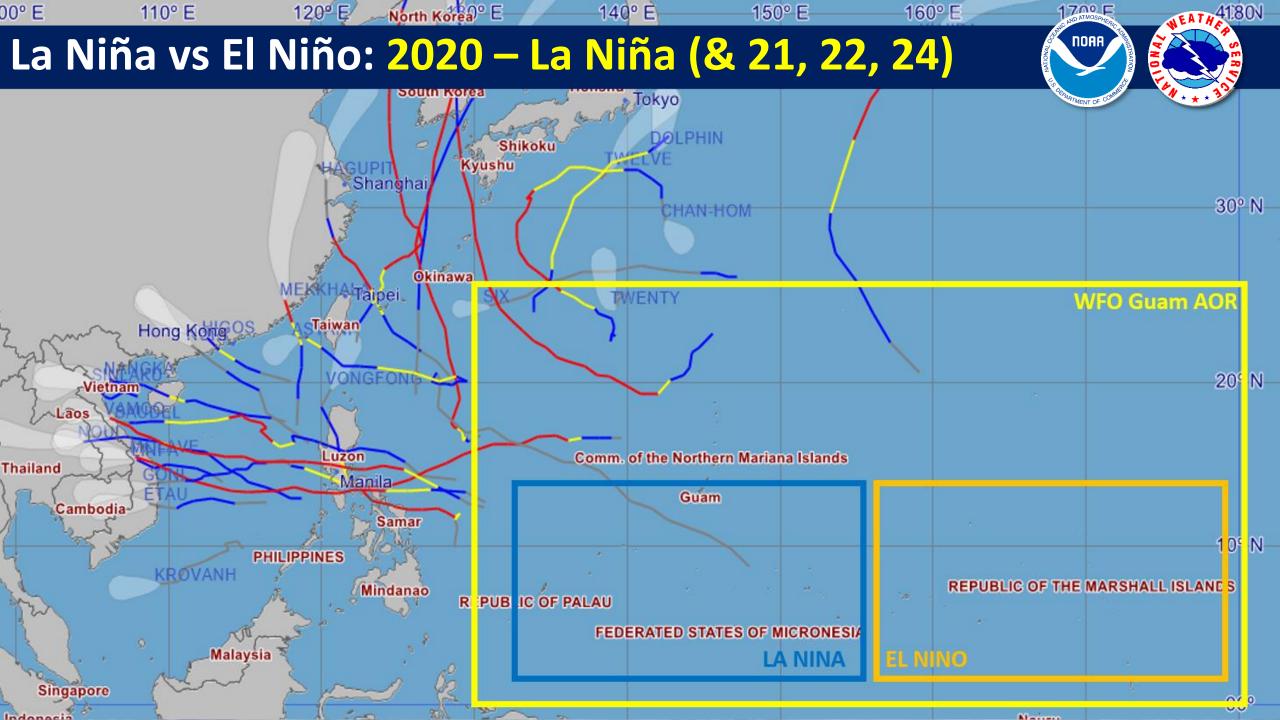


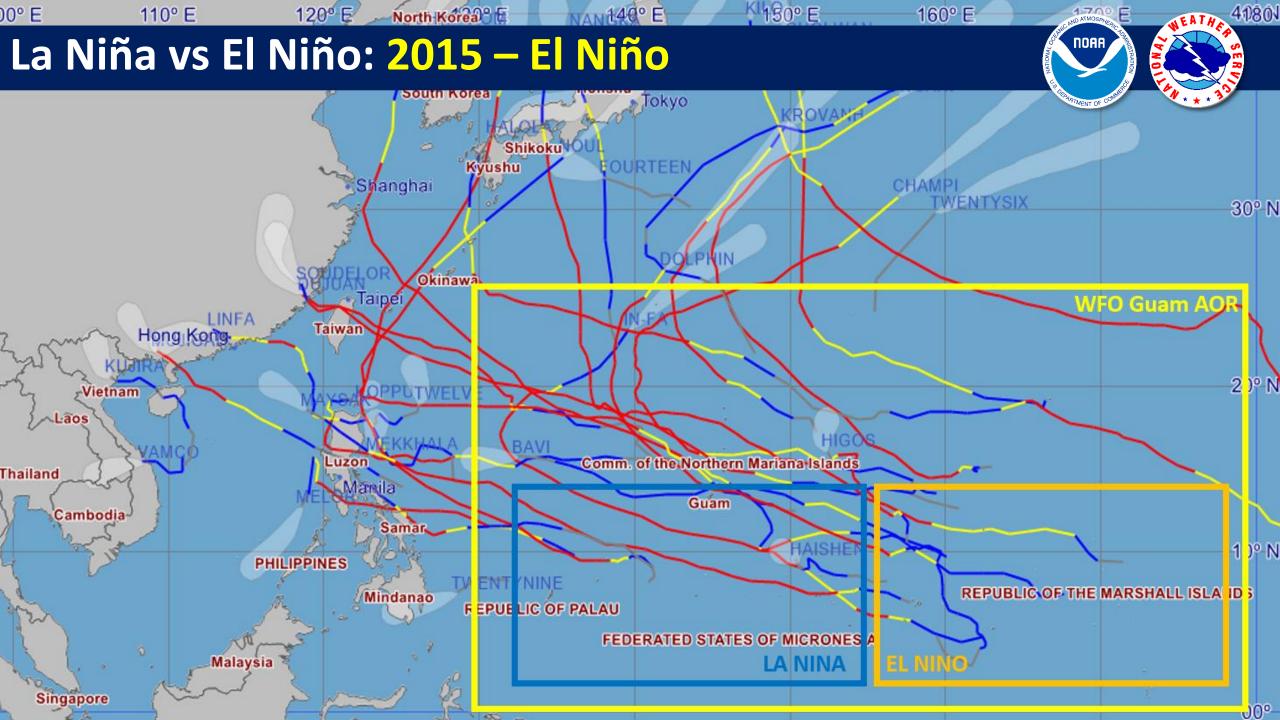


TC Frequencies Increase across WFO Guam AOR in an El Niño pattern when compared to La Niña; TC Genesis shifts eastward

2025 Outlook: Current Climate Condition The current state of the climate plays a large role in where TCs develop and where they track. Current forecasts take into account if we are in an El Nino or a La Nina pattern. El Nino: TCs tend to develop farther east within Pohnpei and Kosrae States, or even within the RMI and generally track W-WNW. La Nina: TCs tend to develop farther west, within Chuuk or Yap States, or the Republic of Palau, continuing W-WNW toward the Philippines or the Philippine Sea. Saipan Guam Sapwuafik LA NINA 140E

Where We Were: Recent Years – TCs & ENSO





La Niña vs El Niño: 2023 – El Niño (Kind of?) South Honshu China **FOLAVEN** Korea YEUNG okyo MAWAR Shanghai 30°N Mid Okinawa Taiwan Laos Vietnam **ENMI** Luzon Thailand Cambodia SAN PHILIPPINES 10°N REPUBLIC **OF THE** Mindanao MARSHALL PALAU FEDERATED ISLANDS STATES OF Brunei. Malaysia MICRONESIA Singapore Ho rvauru

ALL TROPICAL CYCLONES - WESTERN NORTH PACIFIC

Average TC Genesis Zone: 2024 vs Climatology JONGDAR RULASAN SHANSHAN BARIJAT China KONG-REY Shikoke BEBINGA CIMARON Okinawa 2024 Vietnan: CNMI Thailand Climo * Guam Cambodia PHILIPPINES 10° N REPUBLIC OF THE Mindanao MARSHAL PALAU **FEDERATED** ISLANDS STATES OF Brunei-Malaysia MICRONESIA Singapore Nauru

Where We're Headed: 2025

2025 TCs So Far...: 18 TCs - 13 Named TCs (TS-TY)





Northern Hemisphere Tropical Cyclone Activity for 2025 (2025/2026 for the Southern Hemisphere)

1991-2020 Climatological Activity Through August 21 in Parentheses

Basin	Named Storms	Named Storm Days	Hurricanes	Hurricane Days	Major Hurricanes	Major Hurricane Days	Accumulated Cyclone Energy
North Atlantic	5 (4.8)	16.50 (15.6)	1 (1.4)	6.50 (3.5)	1 (0.4)	3.00 (0.7)	33.9 (20.0)
Northeast Pacific (East of 180°)	11 (8.7)	38.75 (36.4)	6 (4.5)	8.75 (14.1)	3 (2.4)	1.75 (4.5)	49.2 (65.2)
Northwest Pacific (West of 180°)	13 (12.0)	48.00 (54.9)	6 (6.7)	5.50 (22.9)	0 (3.3)	0.00 (8.3)	46.9 (108.5)
North Indian	0 (1.9)	0.00 (6.2)	0 (0.8)	0.00 (1.7)	0 (0.4)	0.00 (0.7)	0 (9.5)
Northern Hemisphere	29 (27.4)	103.25 (113.1)	13 (13.4)	20.75 (42.2)	4 (6.5)	4.75 (14.2)	130 (203.2)
South Indian (West of 135°E)	2 (0.2)	3.50 (0.5)	0 (0.0)	0.00 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0.00 (0.0)	1.7 (0.3)
South Pacific (East of 135°E)	0 (0.0)	0.00 (0.1)	0 (0.0)	0.00 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0.00 (0.0)	0 (0.1)
<u>Southern</u> <u>Hemisphere</u>	2 (0.2)	3.50 (0.6)	0 (0.0)	0.00 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0.00 (0.0)	1.7 (0.4)

Global statistics were last modified: August 21 2025 15:00 MT

Real-time statistics calculated from operational best tracks of NHC, CPHC and JTWC. Southern Hemisphere TC activity resets on July 1

2025 TCs So Far...: 18 TCs - 13 Named TCs (TS-TY)



Real-Time Northwest Pacific Ocean Statistics by Storm for 2025

Year	Storm#	Name	Dates TC Active	Max Wind (kts)	MSLP (mb)	Named Storm Days	<u>Typhoon</u> <u>Days</u>	Cat. 3+ Typhoon Days	Accumulated Cyclone Energy
2025	1	<u>WUTIP</u>	6/11-6/14	65	979	2.75	0.25	0.00	3.2
2025	2	<u>SEPAT</u>	6/23-6/24	40	1000	1.75	0.00	0.00	0.9
2025	3	MUN	7/2-7/7	60	982	5.00	0.00	0.00	5.0
2025	4	<u>DANAS</u>	7/4-7/8	90	958	4.50	1.25	0.00	5.2
2025	5	NARI	7/11-7/14	50	983	3.25	0.00	0.00	2.0
2025	6	<u>EIGHT</u>	7/15-7/15	40	1002	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.3
2025	7	<u>WIPHA</u>	7/18-7/22	65	970	4.25	0.50	0.00	4.2
2025	8	FRANCISCO	7/23-7/25	40	987	2.25	0.00	0.00	1.3
2025	9	CO-MAY	7/23-7/30	70	974	5.00	0.75	0.00	4.3
2025	10	<u>KROSA</u>	7/24-8/4	80	962	10.00	0.75	0.00	10.9
2025	11	<u>BAILU</u>	8/2-8/4	35	997	1.50	0.00	0.00	0.7
2025	12	PODUL	8/7-8/13	90	966	6.25	2.00	0.00	8.5
2025	13	LINGLING	8/20-8/21	45	992	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.7

2025 Outlook for the Western North Pacific

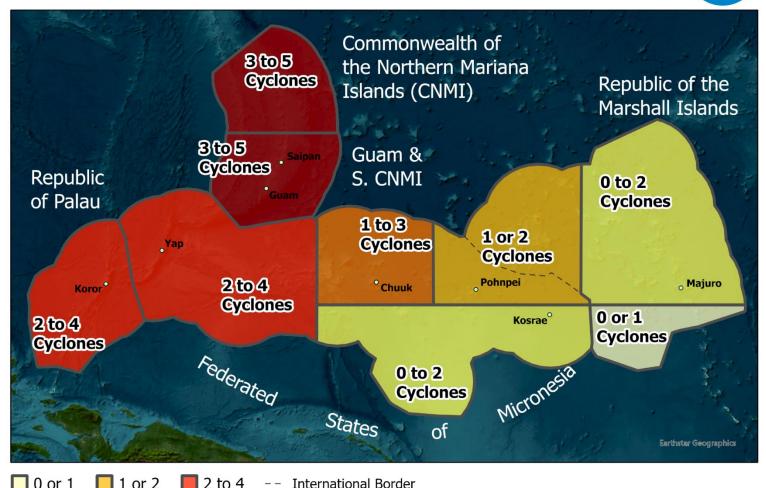


Predicted Number of Tropical Cyclones (≥39 mph) in the Western North Pacific



Forecast Includes Tropical

Storms and Typhoons



Forecast Region Boundary

3 to 5

Below-normal activity for the FSM (Chuuk, Pohnpei, Kosrae) & near-normal activity for Yap

Predicted number of tropical cyclones of tropical storm (≥39 mph sustained winds) and typhoon (≥74 mph sustained winds) intensity in the Western North Pacific

This Outlook indicates similar activity as was seen in 2024.

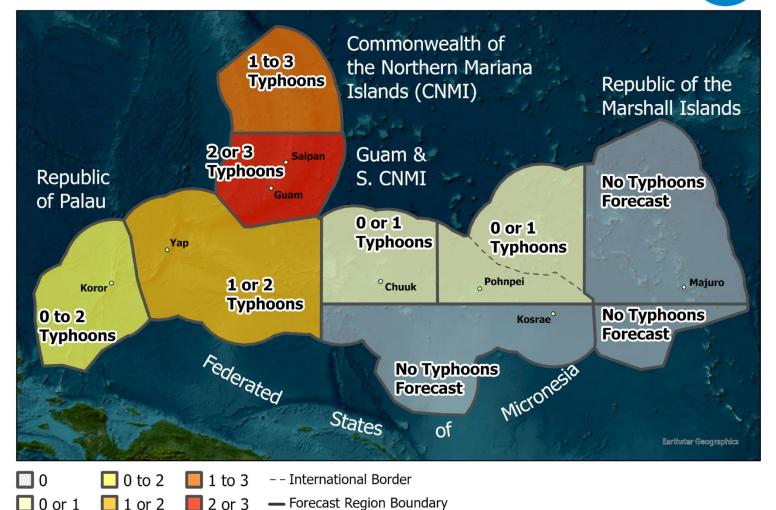
Average TC Genesis Zone: 2024 vs Climatology JONGDAR RULASAN SHANSHAN BARIJAT China KONG-REY Shikoke BEBINGA CIMARON Okinawa 2024 Vietnan: CNMI Thailand Climo * Guam Cambodia PHILIPPINES 10° N REPUBLIC OF THE Mindanao MARSHAL PALAU **FEDERATED** ISLANDS STATES OF Brunei-Malaysia MICRONESIA Singapore Nauru

2025 Outlook for the Western North Pacific



Predicted Number of Typhoons (≥74 mph) in the Western North Pacific





Below-normal activity for the FSM (Chuuk, Pohnpei, Kosrae) & near-normal activity for Yap

Predicted number of typhoons (≥74 mph sustained winds) in the Western North Pacific.

This Outlook indicates similar activity as was seen in 2024.

2025 Outlook: Key Notes



- > Near-normal activity is consistent with the ongoing ENSO-Neutral pattern.
- > This Outlook indicates similar activity to what we experienced in 2024 (2024 was below to near normal).
- With the shift from a weak La Nina to ENSO-neutral, average TC activity may shift slightly ESE or SE compared to activity in 2024; Average intensity in 2025 could be slightly more than seen in 2024.
- > Due to long-range uncertainty, an updated outlook may be provided in August, if needed, to reflect any major changes
- > TC activity varies considerably across the region from east to west, and from north to south, with more activity favored for SW and W of the Marianas
- > This outlook is a general guide of the predicted overall TC activity across Micronesia; it is not a prediction of how many systems will actually make landfall
- ➤ While TC activity can fluctuate greatly from year to year, TCs can and do occur anytime throughout the year in the WNP; TC patterns are typical, but not guaranteed.
- > Residents of the western North Pacific should always maintain weather readiness and be prepared for if, and when, disaster strikes. Preparedness begins at Home; and it begins with You.
- Know where to find the most up-to-date weather forecasts and outlooks as well as Watches, Warnings and Advisories: www.weather.gov/gum



582 **WFO Guam AOR: 39 TC Warning Points** FEDERATED STATES OF **MICRONESIA MARIANA ISLANDS NGULU FANANU** YAP **LOSAP AGRIHAN** -20N--20N-ULITHI **LUKUNOR** PAGAN Wake Island · Agrihan FAIS **NUKUORO ALAMAGAN** Pagan **FAREULAP SAPWUAFIK** SAIPAN WOLEAL **PAKIN** TINIAN Saipan **REPUBLIC SATAWAL POHNPEI** ROTA **REPUBLIC PULUWAT ATOLL MOKIL** Rota **GUAM OF PALAU** Guam ULUL **PINGELAP OF THE SONSOROL CHUUK KOSRAE** Enewetak Atoll **KOROR MARSHALL** KAYANGEL **ISLANDS** ' Yap · Wotie Atoll Fareulap - Uiae **ENEWETAK** .. Chuuk Pakin Pohnpei Koror UJAE * Puluwat Atoll Losap Majuro * Pingelap Atoll **KWAJALEIN** Kosrae Sapwuafik Jaluit Atoll Mili Atoll . Sonsorol **AILINGALAPLAP** JALUIT ATOLL Nukuoro **UTIRIK WOTJE ATOLL MAJURO MILI ATOLL** 150E 160E 140E 170E

NWS Tropical Cyclone Watches VS Warnings



Tropical Storm & Typhoon

WATCHES

Key Word:

POSSIBLE

Timing:

48 Hours

Tropical Storm & Typhoon

WARNINGS

Key Word:

EXPECTED

Timing:

24 Hours

BASIS: Onset of <u>Damaging Winds</u>

NOT on CPA or passage of the Eye

Winds and Tropical Cyclone Watches and Warnings





Wind Terms

Damaging Winds:

Sustained surface winds of 39 mph or more (averaged over a 1-minute period).

Destructive Winds:

Sustained surface winds of 58 mph or more (averaged over a 1-minute period).

Watch Timing

Tropical Storm Watch:

Damaging winds of 39-73 mph are possible from a TS (or developing TS) generally within 48 hours.

Typhoon Watch:

A TY (or developing TY) poses a possible threat. Damaging winds are possible within 48 hours.

Warning Timing

Tropical Storm Warning:

Damaging winds are expected within 24 hours or are already occurring.

Typhoon Warning:

TY conditions are expected. Damaging winds are expected to begin within 24 hours or are occurring.

Issuing Watches and Warnings



	TS Watch	TY Watch	TS Warning	TY Warning	TS Warning WITH TY Watch
Meaning	39-73 mph (Damaging) winds <i>possible</i>	74+ mph (typhoon force) winds possible	39-73 mph winds <u>expected</u>	74+ mph winds <u>expected</u>	A TY will pass by within 24hrs; however, TY winds are
Timing	Within 48hrs	Within 48hrs*	Within 24hrs	Within 24hrs*	possible, but not expected.

All TY Watch / Warning timing is based on the onset of damaging winds of 39 mph

NWS Tropical Cyclone Text Products



JTWC WARNINGS

Routine Tropical Cyclone Warning Text and Graphic

Uses UTC/Zulu Time
Wind Speed in Knots
Distance in Nautical Miles
Provides Forecast CPAs to
selected islands and forecast
points

Issuance begins with formation of a Tropical Depression

ISSUANCE TIME

Every 6 hours
1 & 7 am/pm (ChST)

PUBLIC ADVISORIES

Primary NWS Product to disseminate TC information

Used to issue/cancel all TC Watches and Warnings (WaWas)

Provides TC location, distance in miles, movement in mph, and intensity in mph, using ChST

Gives a general forecast for direction/motion and intensity

Intermediates issued when WaWas are issued, Specials issued as needed for significant changes, new WaWas

ISSUANCE TIME

Scheduled: Every 6 hours

2 & 8 am/pm (ChST)

Intermediate: Every 6 hours

(Watch/Warning in Effect)

5 & 11 am/pm (ChST)

LOCAL STATEMENTS

Provides detailed, localized information for locations under WaWa on expected magnitude and timing of TCs threat

Recaps all WaWas in effect and current TC information

Provides evacuation, preparedness, precautionary actions from EMs

For Islands under a WaWa: Information includes Wind (onset, intensity), Rain Expectations, Marine/Surf Details

TC UPDATES

Issued hourly when TC center is within radar range (approx. 230 miles from Guam)

Updates TC center location and movement, confidence based on radar imagery, and distance/bearing from Hagatna or an island of the CNMI

Updated positions are used in subsequent Public Advisories and Local Statements

ISSUANCE TIME

Every 6 hours
3 & 9 am/pm (ChST)

ISSUANCE TIME

Hourly When in Range of Radar

Communications: Regional Weather Outlooks







671-472-0900 www.weather.gov/gum

Weekly Regional Weather Outlook

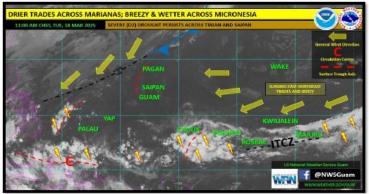
Tuesday, March 18, 2025, Valid at 11:00 AM ChST

Prepared by: Landon Aydlett, WCM

Tropical Weather Discussion

REGIONAL OVERVIEW: A seasonably dry pattern remains in place across the Marianas and areas north of 8N from 130E to the Date Line. Showers and thunderstorms are found elsewhere across the region south of 8N, with gusty trade

A dry trade wind pattern will remain in place across Guam and the CNMI through the weekend. Expect only spotty light showers and moderate trades. Seas and surf will build mid to late week as a northeast trade wind swell and a northwest swell both build across the Marianas. The ongoing dry pattern will allow the high fire danger to increase across the Marianas. A surface trough west of Palau and Yap now along 130E brought much-needed rainfall to Yap late Sunday and Monday. Drier weather is in place at both locations today while more showers and thunderstorms are near and south of 5N. Expect generally fair weather through the end of the week at both locations, but with a few more showers near Palau. A surface trough could bring more showers to the region early next week. For Chuuk, Pohnpei. Kosrae and Majuro, winds, seas, surf and chop will all be elevated the next few days as trade winds surge across the region and the ITCZ keeps active, generating showers and thunderstorms south of 8N. Conditions will ease by the weekend as winds subside a bit. Small Craft and High Surf Advisories are in effect for some locations across the region. For locations not covered by an active advisory, seas and surf will be elevated with choppy conditions this week



DROUGHT OUTLOOK: Severe (D2) drought continues across Saipan and Tinian, while moderate (D1) drought persists across Yap and the northern RMI. A surface trough brought much-needed showers to Yap Proper late Sunday and Monday, allowing for some short-term drought relief. In the longer range, expect near-normal rainfall across much of the region, with above-normal rainfall for Palau, and below-normal rainfall across the northern RMI and near the Equator, east of 150E. The NWS Guam Drought Information Statement will be updated this Friday, March 21, 2025.

Palau/Yap/Chuuk Coastal Pohnpei/Kosrae/Maiuro Coasta

Small Craft Advisory: Pohnpei, Majuro

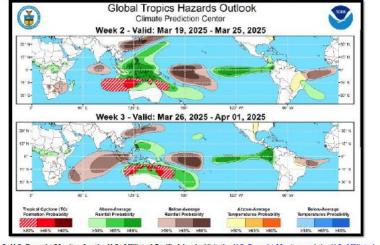
This Regional Weather Outlook for the WFO Guam Area of Responsibility in the western North Pacific from the Equator to 25N from 130E Offices and Core Partners & complements routine WFO Guam Forecasts found at www.weather.gov/gum

nws.gum.operations@noaa.gov 671-472-0900 www.weather.gov/gum

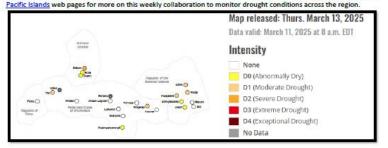
1. Joint Typhoon Warning Center Home Page Graphic

NO ACTIVE TROPICAL CYCLONES OR SUSPECT AREAS IN THE WESTERN NORTH PACIFIC

2. Weeks 2-3 Global Tropics Hazards Outlook (GTH), provided by the Climate Prediction Center: This Outlook aims to provide 2-3 weeks guidance on potential TC formation, probabilities for above- and below-normal rainfall, and temperatures. Graphics updated late Tuesday night (Guam)/Tuesday morning (Eastern). Last Issued: 4 March 20



Pacific Islands web pages for more on this weekly collaboration to monitor drought conditions across the region



to the Date Line is issued weekly on Tuesdays. Information is prepared as an additional Decision Support Service for regional Weather Offices and Core Partners & complements routine WFO Guam Forecasts found at www.weather.gov/qum

Weekly Regional Weather Outlook

- **Produced weekly on Tuesdays**
- Includes general weather forecast and discussion for all of the NWS Guam AOR (Guam, CNMI, ROP, FSM, RMI)
- Brings early communications and awareness to any emerging significant weather features
- **Enables and fosters further** communications and decision support services with regional decision makers and emergency managers
- RWO includes a brief discussion on any TCs, possibilities and/or hazards; and regional drought
- Also includes the 2 and 3-week long range outlook from the Climate Prediction Center; and the weekly analysis from the **US Drought Monitor**
- JTWC information included for active TCs

Pages 1 and 2 of the Routine Weekly Regional Weather Outlook (Sometimes 3 pages)

Communications: Regional Weather Alerts





nws.gum.operations@noaa.gov 671-472-0900 www.weather.gov/gum

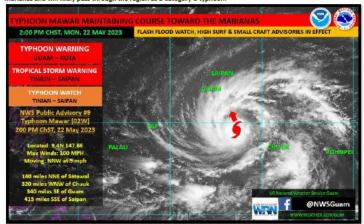
WEATHER ALERT: Typhoon Mawar Strengthening

Typhoon Warnings in Effect; Mawar Maintains Course Toward Marianas onday, May 22, 2023, Valid at 2:00 PM ChST Prepared by: Landon Aydlett, WCM

IC POTENTIAL/HAZABDS: Typhoon Mawar (02W) continues to strengthen this afternoon on its approach toward the Mariana Islands. All Tropical Storm Warnings have been canceled for islands within the Federated States of Micronesia. However, a Typhoon Warning is now in effect for Guam and Rota, and a Tropical Storm Warning is now in effect for Tinian and Saipan. The Typhoon Watch for Tinian and Saipan remains in effect.

- A Typhoon Warning means that damaging winds of 39 mph or more are expected within 24 hours, becoming typhoon force.
- . A Tropical Storm Warning means that damaging winds of 39 mph are expected within 24 hours.
- A Typhoon Watch means that typhoon force winds of 74 mph or more are possible if Mawar shifts northward.

At 1:00 PM ChST, TY Mawar was located 340 miles southeast of Guam and 415 miles south-southeast of Saipan near 9.4N 147.6E moving north-northwestward at 9 mph, with maximum sustained winds now up to 100 mph. Mawar is now a Category-2 typhoon. Mawar is expected to maintain a general north-northwestward motion through Tuesday, then make a gradual turn toward the northwest. As currently forecast, Mawar will pass through the Rota Channel, or over parts of Guam, around mild-day Wednesday. Mawar is expected to strengthen further as it approaches the Marianas and will likely nosts through the region as a Category-3 twhoon



Folks within the Marianas, particularly on Guam and Rota, should take this system seriously, as conditions regarding this typhoon evolve in the next 12 to 24 hours and certainty increases. For all the latest Public Advisories, Local Statements for threatened islands and Forecast Tracks and Charts on Tropical Storm Mawar, please visit our Tropical Cyclones Page.

This Regional Weather Outlook for the WFO Guam Area of Responsibility in the western North Pacific from the Equator to 25N from 130E to the Date Line is Issued weekly on Tuesdays by 12:00 PM ChST. Information is prepared as an additional Decision Support Service for regional Weather Offices and Core Partners & Complements routine WFO Guam Forecasts found at www.eather.gov/gum

National Weather Service Weather Forecast Office Guam Www.weather.gov/gun REGIONAL WEATHER FORECASTS: Mariana Islands Mariana Coastal Waters Mariana Surf Zone WARNINGS/WATCHES/ADVISORIES: Flash Flood Watch: Guam/CNMI High Surf Advisory: Guam/CNMI SUPPLEMENTAL GRAPHICS: Joint Typhoon Warning Center Warning Graphic for Tropical Storm Mawar (02W):

NWS Guam Deterministic Wind Forecast Graphic:



This Regional Weather Outlook for the WFO Guam Area of Responsibility in the western North Pacific from the Equator to 25N from 130E to the Date Line is Issued weekly on Tuesdays by 12:00 PM Ch5T. Information is prepared as an additional Decision Support Service for regional Weather Offices and Core Partners & Complements routine WFO Guam Forecasts found at www. weather, apolydum

Daily Weather Alert

- Produced DAILY to communicate any significant weather threat in the region (typically TC-related)
- Weather Alert is focused on that primary weather threat and any islands being affected or expected to be
- Aims to complement the full suite text bulletins with the NWS TC apparatus
- Hyperlinks will take users to the FULL TEXT BULLETINS for the detailed information
- Written using PLAIN LANGUAGE for easy consumption, sharing and deciphering, to include EMs, Media and general public
- Will include info-graphic and/or JTWC and/or NWS Guam Forecast Track graphics
- IF you do not receive these emails from me, or someone within your organization, and would like to, send an email to me with your name, agency/office and role, to

Marcus.Aydlett@noaa.gov

Pages 1 and 2 of the Daily Weather Alert (Sometimes 1 or 3 pages)

Not 'IF' but 'WHEN'



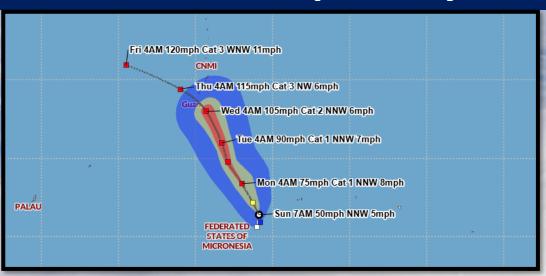


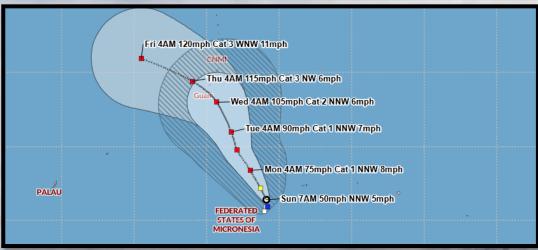


Operational Changes & Situational Awareness

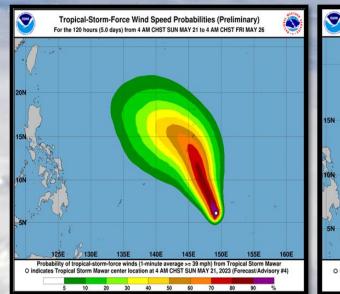
NWS Guam Tropical Cyclone Graphics

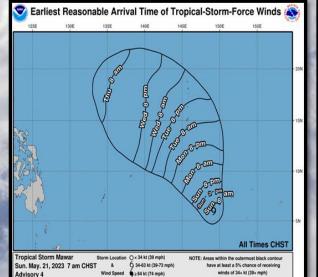


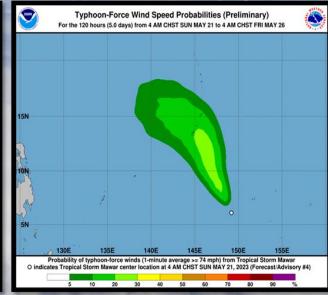


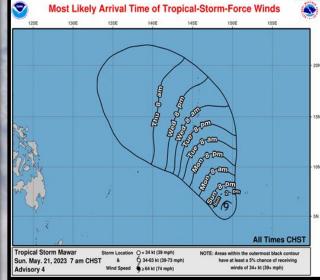


GRAPHICS AVAILABLE ON NWS GUAM WEB PAGE WILL MOVE AWAY FROM THE DETERMINISTIC PLOTS (ABOVE) TO THE PROBABILISTIC PLOTS (TO THE RIGHT). THE DETERMINISTIC WILL STILL BE AVAILABLE AND REFERENCED IN HEAVY WEATHER BRIEFS







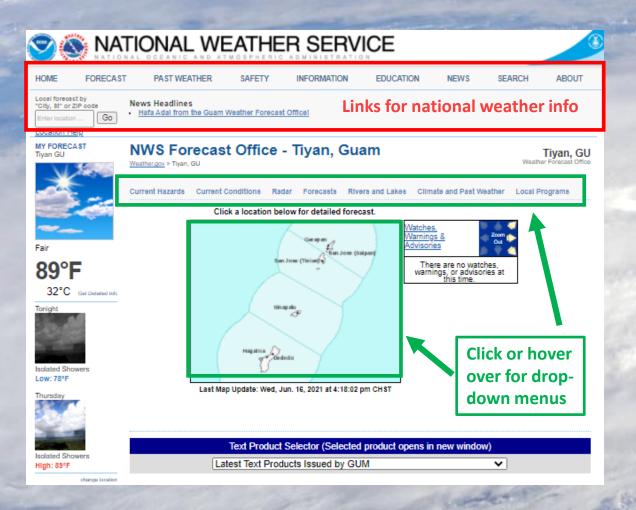


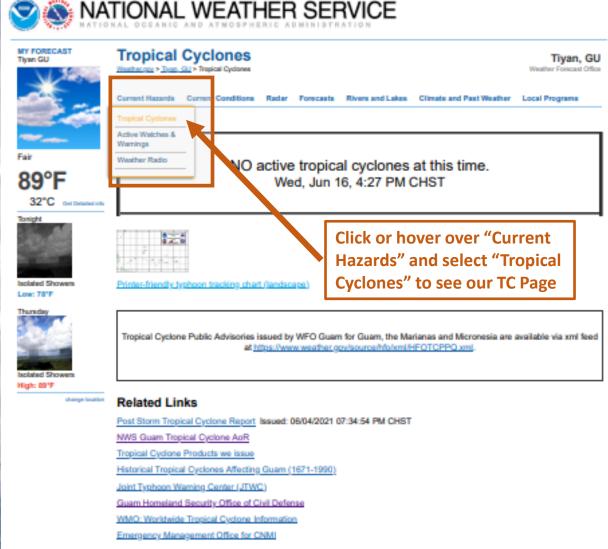
For More Information

NWS Guam Web Page: Where to Find TC Info



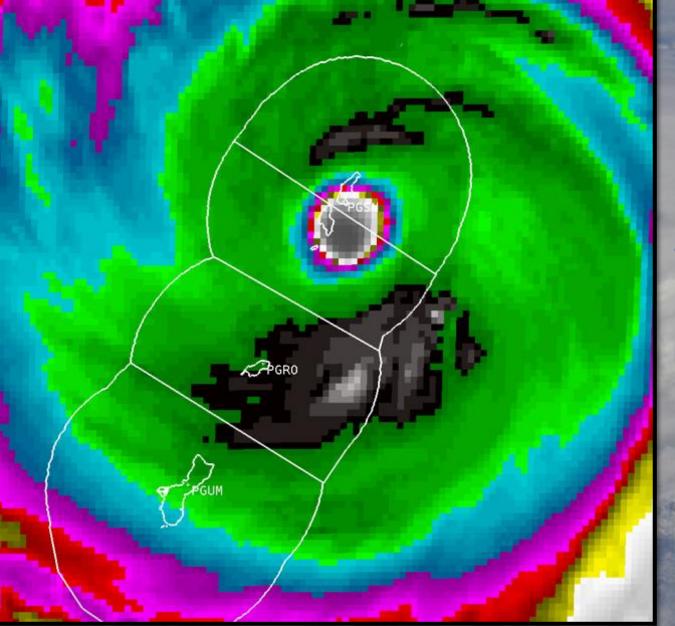






www.weather.gov/gum

Looking Back & Thinking Ahead





Questions To Ponder

- 1. Who is in a current role/job for less than 2 years?
- 2. How are you receiving weather information?
- 3. What information (weather, preparedness, etc.) is being communicated to the public? From your office/organization?
- 4. How are you communicating such information?
- 5. What actions are you taking at this point?
- 6. What are your fears? Concerns? Stressors?
- 7. What steps (if any?) is your organization taking to prepare?
- What is your operational strategy in coordinating with other agencies, offices and organizations?
- 9. How about YOU? Your family? Your home?
- 10. What's your organization's post-storm plan?
- 11. Are you ready for the transition from pre-storm to post-storm? Preparedness to response and recovery?

Thank You!



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